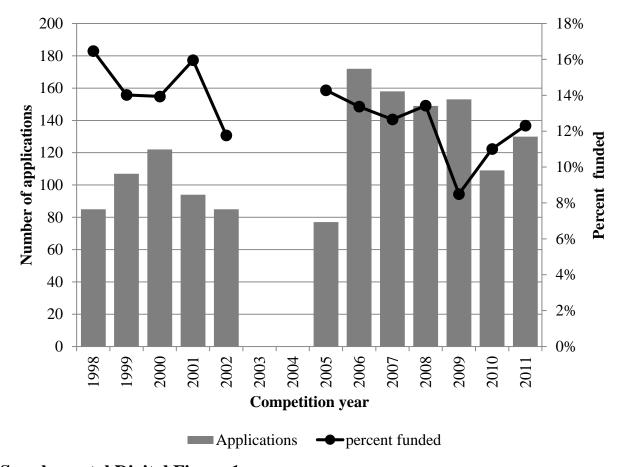
Supplemental digital content for Escobar-Alvarez SN, Myers ER. The Doris Duke Clinical Scientist Development Award: implications for early career physician scientists. Acad Med. 2013;88(11).



Supplemental Digital Figure 1 Number of applications (gray bars) and success rates (black circles) for the Clinical Scientist Development Award competitions by year. The success rate is the number of applications funded divided by the total number reviewed.

Supplemental digital content for Escobar-Alvarez SN, Myers ER. The Doris Duke Clinical Scientist Development Award: implications for early career physician scientists. Acad Med. 2013;88(11).

Supplemental Digital Table 1

Results from a Multiple Logistic Regression Analysis to Determine Independent Predictors of Receiving a Clinical Scientist Development Award (CSDA) Among 838 CSDA Applicants, 2006-2011

Variable Female	Coefficient -0.31	Standard error 0.23	P value	Adjusted odds ratio 0.74	95% confidence interval 0.47-1.2
Underrepresented	-0.89	0.23	.09	0.74	0.47-1.2
minority	0.07	0.55	.07	0.11	0.11.1.2
Age < 40 years	0.13	0.24	.59	1.1	0.71-1.8
Funding rank of institution ≥ 95 th percentile	1.3	0.27	< .001	3.5	2.1-6.0
MD/PhD degree	0.51	0.23	.026	1.7	1.1-2.6

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Supplemental Digital Table 2

Characteristics of 120 Successful and 105 Unsuccessful Top Ranked Applicants to the Clinical Scientist Development Award (CSDA) Program, 1998-2007

	No		
Characteristic	Successful applicants	Unsuccessful applicants	P value
Funding rank of insti	tution		0.46
≥ 95 th percentile	79/120 (66)	74/105 (70)	
< 95 th percentile	41/120 (44)	31/105 (30)	
Individual career awa	ard funding		0.99
K award	47/120 (39)	41/105 (39)	
No K award	73/120 (61)	64/105 (61)	
Gender			0.054
Female	37/120 (31)	45/104 (43)	
Male	83/120 (69)	59/104 (57)	