Appendix 1.

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Appendix 2. Associations between time of day (using decision time to perform cesarean) and (a) decision to perform cesarean at less than 5 cm dilation among women who delivered by cesarean for a dystocia indication to total birth ratio; (b) median duration of time from cervical dilation 5 cm to decision to perform cesarean among women who delivered by cesarean for a dystocia indication to total birth ratio; (c) median duration of time from complete cervical dilation to decision to perform cesarean among women who delivered by cesarean for a dystocia indication to total birth ratio.

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Appendix 3. Associations between time of day (using decision time to perform cesarean) and (a) decision to perform cesarean to total birth ratio on weekdays; (b) decision to perform cesarean to total birth ratio on weekends; (c) decision to perform cesarean for the indication of dystocia to total birth ratio on weekdays; (d) decision to perform cesarean for the indication of dystocia to total birth ratio on weekends; (e) decision to perform cesarean for the indication of non-reassuring fetal status (NRFS) to total birth ratio on weekdays; (f) decision to perform cesarean for the indication of NRFS to total birth ratio on weekends; (g) decision to perform cesarean for ‘other’ indications to total birth ratio on weekdays; and (h) decision to perform cesarean for ‘other’ indications to total birth ratio on weekends.

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