

### Supplemental Table 1: Assessment of steroid toxicity

- 1) Growth retardation: height  $>2$  standard deviations below normal according to Tanner et al\* in the absence of other causes of short height;
- 2) Cataract diagnosed by an ophthalmologist;
- 3) Osteoporosis: Z score  $>2$  standard deviations below age-matched normal bone mass plus one spontaneous bone fracture at dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry scan-DXA

\* Tanner, JM, Whitehouse, RH: Clinical longitudinal standards for height, weight, height velocity, weight velocity, and stages of puberty. *Arch Dis Child* 51: 170-179, 1976

**Supplemental Table 2: Height (z-score) in different patient cohorts**

<b>Patient N°</b>	<b>Height z-score T<sub>0</sub></b>	<b>Height z- score T<sub>12</sub></b>
<b>Rituximab</b>		
<b>1</b>	0	0
<b>2</b>	0.5	0.5
<b>3</b>	-1	-1
<b>4</b>	-0.5	0.5
<b>5</b>	0	0
<b>6</b>	0.5	0.5
<b>7</b>	NA	NA
<b>8</b>	0	0
<b>9</b>	NA	NA
<b>10</b>	-1.5	-1.5
<b>11</b>	-0.5	-0.5
<b>12</b>	0	-0.5
<b>13</b>	-2	-2
<b>14</b>	0.5	0
<b>15</b>	1	1
<b>Control arm</b>		
<b>1</b>	-1.5	-1.5
<b>2</b>	0	0
<b>3</b>	0.5	0
<b>4</b>	-0.5	-0.25
<b>5</b>	1.5	1.5
<b>6</b>	-2	-1.5
<b>7</b>	1.25	NA
<b>8</b>	NA	NA
<b>9</b>	1	1
<b>10</b>	1	-0.25
<b>11</b>	1	NA
<b>12</b>	-1	-0.5
<b>13</b>	0	1
<b>14</b>	NA	NA
<b>15</b>	0	NA

**Supplemental Table 3: Sensitivity analyses: Proteinuria at three months (primary endpoint; ANCOVA model)**

Per protocol analysis

	<i>Mean (mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day)</i>	<i>Mean ratio</i>	<i>Per cent change</i>
<i>Prednisone group</i>	43 (2 to 893)	Reference	Reference
<i>Rituximab group</i>	23 (1 to 430)	0.54 (0.16 to 1.87)	-46% (-84 to +87%)

Missing value replaced with the highest proteinuria value in the rituximab arm

	<i>Mean (mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day)</i>	<i>Mean ratio</i>	<i>Per cent change</i>
<i>Prednisone group</i>	47 (1 to 923)	Reference	Reference
<i>Rituximab group</i>	27 (1 to 457)	0.58 (0.17 to 1.91)	-42% (-83 to +91%)

Missing value replaced with the lowest proteinuria value in the rituximab arm

	<i>Mean (mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day)</i>	<i>Mean ratio</i>	<i>Per cent change</i>
<i>Prednisone group</i>	37 (1 to 742)	Reference	Reference
<i>Rituximab group</i>	18 (1 to 319)	0.50 (0.15 to 1.68)	-50% (-85 to +68%)

**Supplemental Table 4**

Months to reconstitution of normal count of CD19/CD20 (>2.5%) after rituximab infusion in children with SDNS and IgG serum levels three months after the rituximab infusion.

PTID	Months to reconstitution		IgG (mg/dl)
	CD19	CD20	
<b>1-</b>	7	7	855
<b>2-</b>	7	7	580
<b>3-</b>	6	6	607
<b>4-</b>	5	5	502
<b>5-</b>	4	4	514
<b>6-</b>	4	4	363
<b>7-</b>	6	6	333
<b>8-</b>	12	12	524
<b>9-</b>	NA	NA	NA
<b>10-</b>	4	4	550
<b>11-</b>	6	6	540
<b>12-</b>	4	4	NA
<b>13-</b>	8	5	858
<b>14-</b>	4	5	689
<b>15-</b>	5	6	448

## Supplemental Table 5: Adverse event checklist for principal investigators

### EARLY (within hours)

Angioedema, hypotension /hypertension

Back pain, myalgia

Edema, Flushing, asthenia, chills, dizziness, fever, headache

Pruritus, rash

Cough, bronchospasm, dyspnoea, sinusitis, rhinitis, throat irritation

Abdominal pain, diarrhoea, nausea, vomiting

### FOLLOWUP (days following infusion)

Anemia, leukopenia, lymphopenia, neutropenia, thrombocytopenia

Night sweats

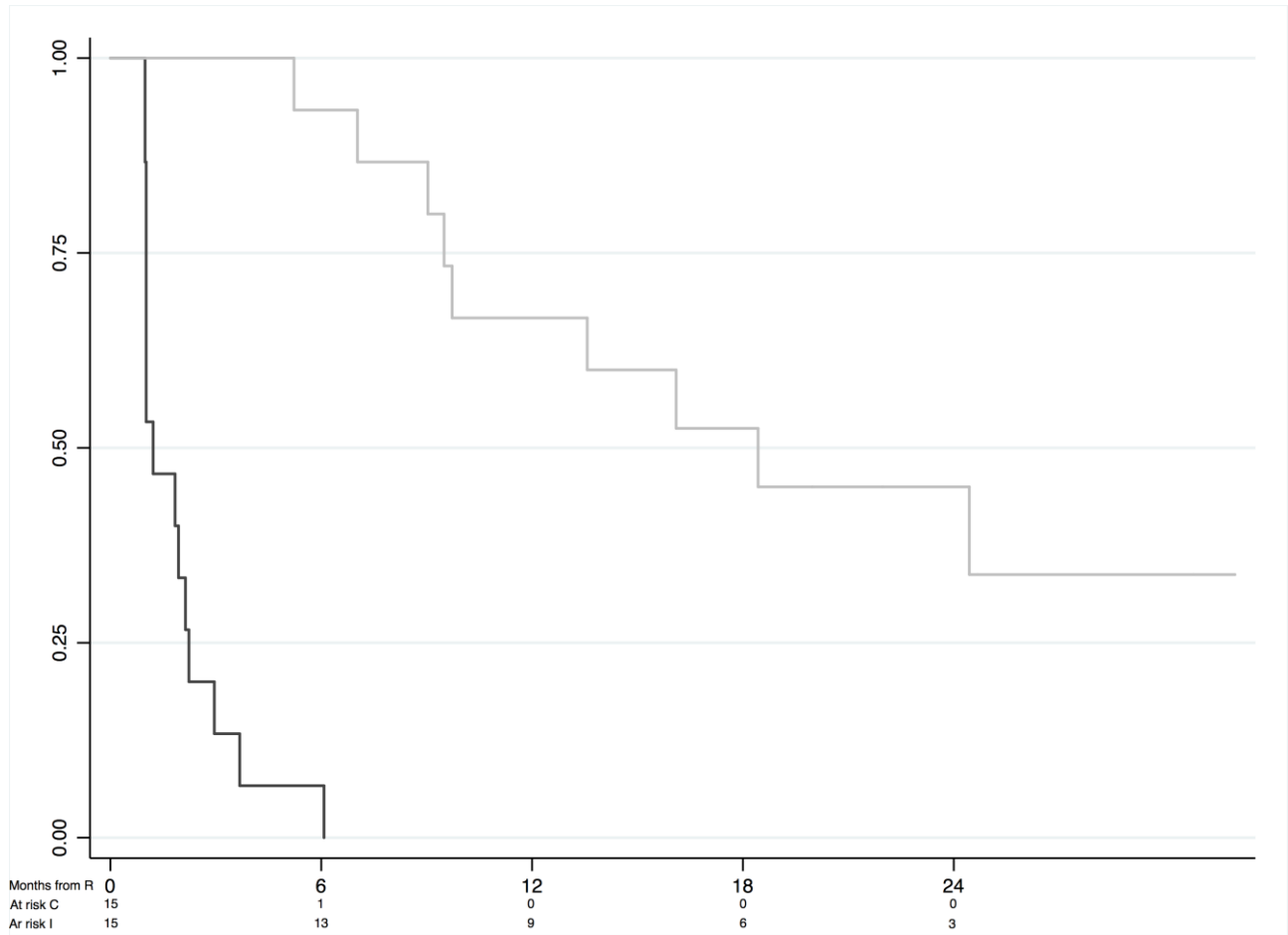
Arthralgia

Hypogammaglobulinaemia

Neutropenia

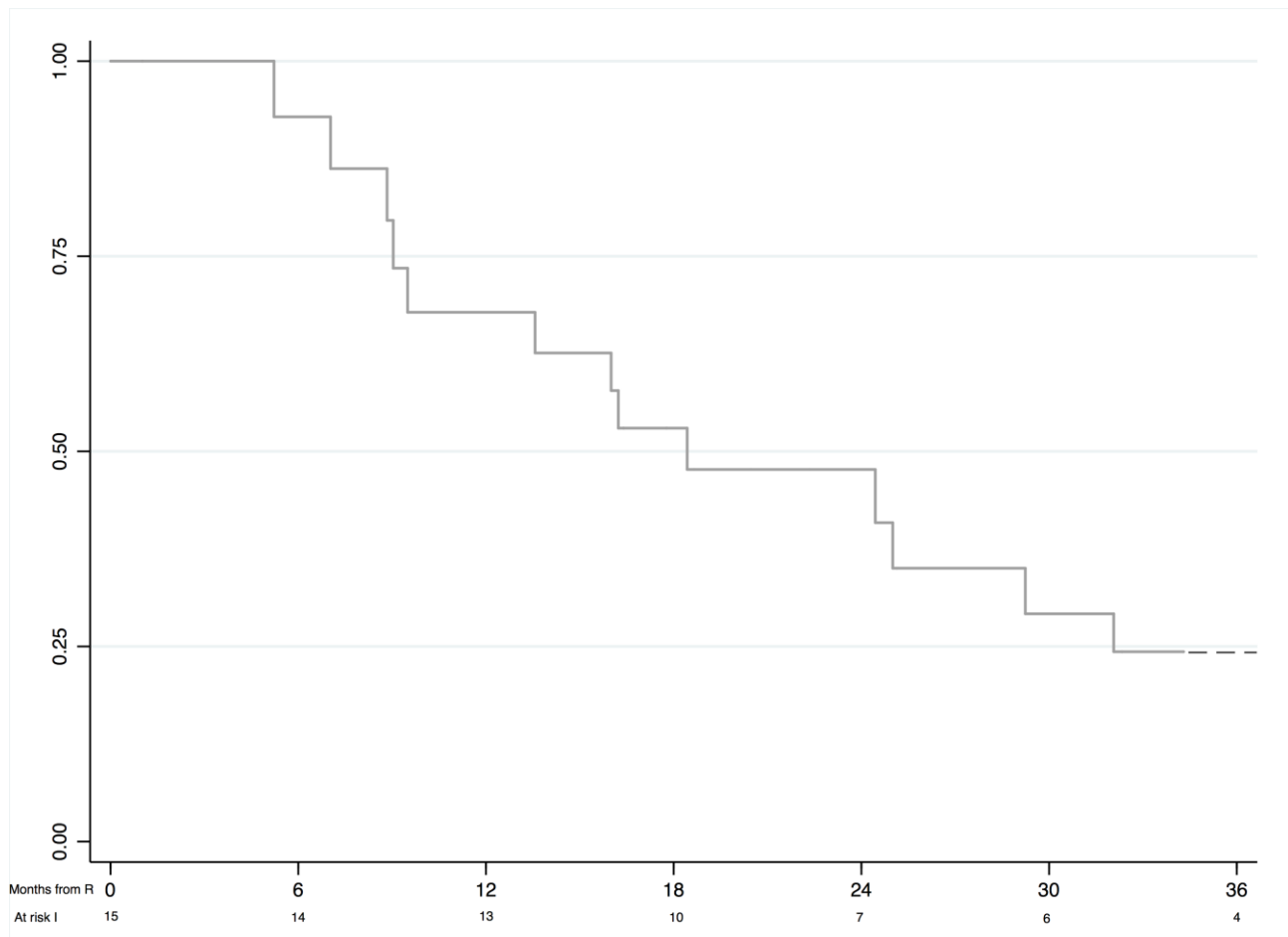
### OTHERS

**Supplemental Figure 1:** Relapse-free survival by treatment arm (time-to-first-relapse analysis): prednisone (control; dark grey) and rituximab (intervention; light grey).



*'R' indicates randomization; 'C' indicates in the comparator arm; and 'I' indicates in the intervention arm.*

**Supplemental Figure 2:** Relapse-free survival in children assigned to rituximab (time-to-repeated-relapse analysis).



*R' indicates randomization; and 'I' indicates in the intervention arm.*