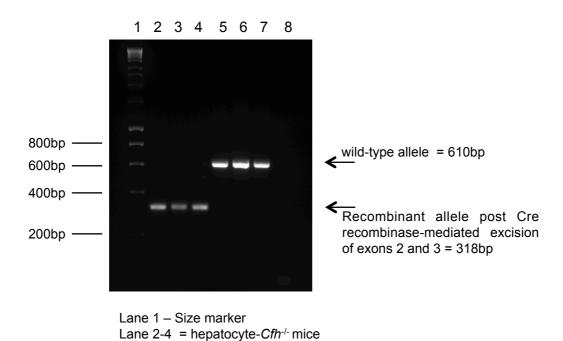
## Partial complement factor H deficiency is associated with both C3 glomerulopathy and thrombotic microangiopathy

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**Supplemental Figures 1 to 6** 

**Supplemental Table 1** 

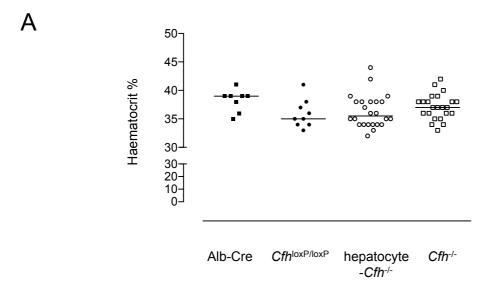
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Lane 5-7 = Alb-Cre mice

Lane  $8 - H_2O$ 

Supplemental Figure 1: **PCR on cDNA generated from RNA from livers of hepatocyte-** *Cfh*<sup>-/-</sup> (lanes 2-4) and Alb-Cre mice (lanes 5-7). The PCR used primers that flanked exons 2 and 3 and resulted in a 610-bp amplicon using cDNA from wild-type mice. Primer pair: 5'CTGTCAGCAAGAATTATTTGGC-3' and 5'-ACACATCGTGGCTTTTCATTGC-3'. After Cre recombinase-mediated excision of exons 2 and 3 the amplicon is reduced to 318bp. The smaller amplicon is seen in all hepatocyte-*Cfh*<sup>-/-</sup> mice (lanes 2-4).



Alb-Cre

Cfh loxP/loxP

Alb-Cre

Alb-Cre

Cfh loxP/loxP

Alb-Cre

Cfh loxP/loxP

Alb-Cre

Cfh loxP/loxP

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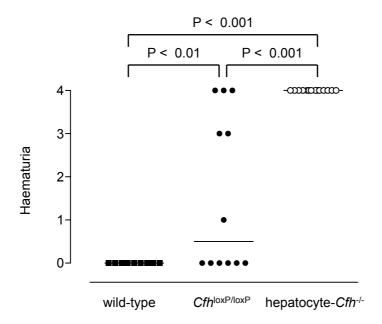
Alb-Cre

Cfh loxP/loxP

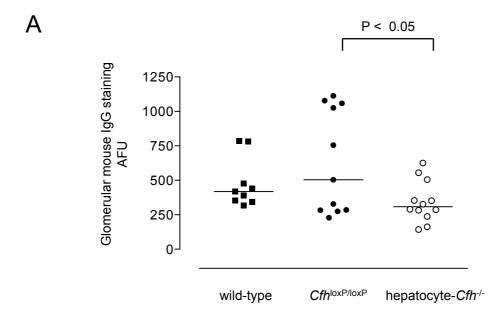
Alb-Cre

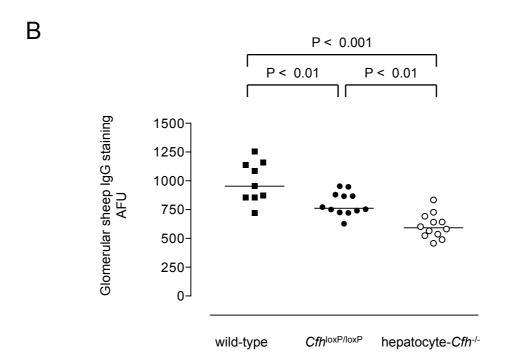
Alb-Cre

Supplemental Figure 2: **Haematocrit (A) and blood smear (B) in Alb-Cre,** *Cfh*<sup>loxP/loxP</sup>, **hepatocyte-***Cfh*<sup>-/-</sup> **and** *Cfh*<sup>-/-</sup> **mice.** Horizontal bars denote median values. Representative images of blood smears in Alb-Cre, *Cfh*<sup>loxP/loxP</sup>, hepatocyte-*Cfh*<sup>-/-</sup> and *Cfh*<sup>-/-</sup> mice.

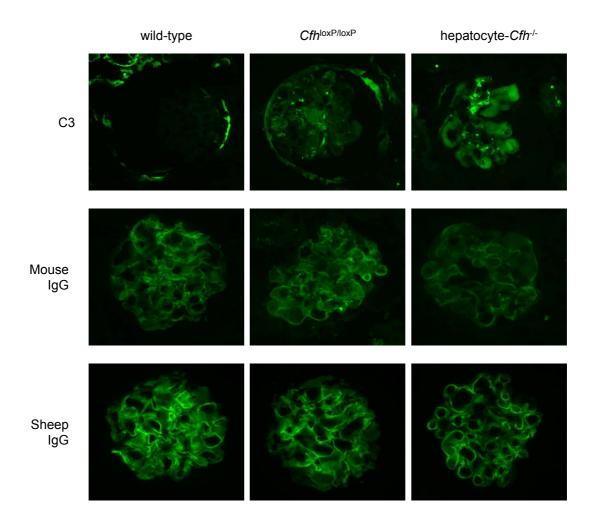


Supplemental Figure 3: **Haematuria in wild-type**,  $Cfh^{loxP/loxP}$  and hepatocyte- $Cfh^{-/-}$  mice at day 1 following NTS injection. Haematuria was already maximal by dipstick analysis within 24 hours of receiving NTS in hepatocyte- $Cfh^{-/-}$  mice. Haematuria grading: 0 = negative, 1 = trace, 2 = 1+, 3 = 2+ and 4 = 3+. P values calculated using Bonferroni multiple comparison test. Horizontal bars denote median values.

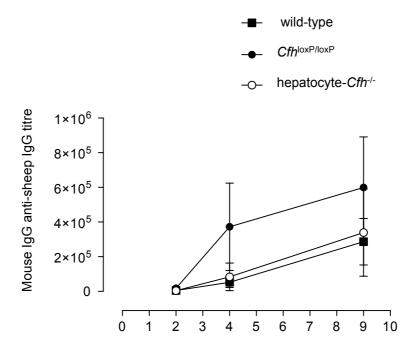




Supplemental Figure 4: (A) Glomerular mouse IgG immunofluorescence studies in wild-type,  $Cfh^{loxP/loxP}$  and hepatocyte- $Cfh^{-/-}$  mice at day 3 following NTS injection. (B) Glomerular sheep IgG immunofluorescence studies in wild-type,  $Cfh^{loxP/loxP}$  and hepatocyte- $Cfh^{-/-}$  mice at day 3 following NTS injection. P values calculated using Bonferroni multiple comparison test. Horizontal bars denote median values. AFU – arbitrary fluorescence units.



Supplemental Figure 5: Representative immunofluorescence staining images for C3, mouse IgG and sheep IgG in wild-type, *Cfh*<sup>loxP/loxP</sup> and hepatocyte-*Cfh*--/- mice at day 3 following NTS injection. Glomerular C3 deposition was significantly greater in hepatocyte-*Cfh*--/- mice compared to wild-type animals.



Supplemental Figure 6: Immune response to sheep IgG in complete Freund's adjuvant in the absence of NTN in wild-type, *Cfh*<sup>loxP/loxP</sup> and hepatocyte-*Cfh*<sup>-/-</sup> mice. Sheep IgG in adjuvant was administered intra-peritoneally at day 0 and serum samples collected at days 2, 4 and 9. No significant differences in the mouse IgG anti-sheep IgG titres were seen between the groups at any of the time points.

## SUPPLEMENTAL TABLE 1. SUMMARY OF SPONTANEOUS PARAMETERS IN THE DIFFERENT MOUSE STRAINS

Strain	Plasma FH % wild-type <sup>1</sup>	Plasma C3 μg/ml²	Haematocrit % <sup>2</sup>	Serum urea mmol/l <sup>2</sup>	Glomerular cellularity Grade 0 - 4 <sup>2, 7</sup>
Alb-Cre	93	171.5	39	8	0.5
	(71-137, n=6) <sup>3</sup>	(158.8-273.1, n=8) <sup>5</sup>	(35-41, n=8)	(6-19.7, n=8)	(0-1, n=8)
Cfh <sup>loxP/loxP</sup>	59.9	131.1	35	7.2	0
	$(37-103, n=8)^4$	(118.4-272.8, n=9)	(33-41, n=9)	(3.1-13.7, n=9)	(0-1, n=9)
hepatocyte-Cfh <sup>-/-</sup>	19	41.5	35.5	12	1
	(14-29, n=7)	(28.6-82.2, n=25) <sup>6</sup>	(32-44, n=24)	(7.4-26.5, n=25)	(0-4, n=25)
Cfh <sup>-/-</sup>	not applicable	15.8	37	12.4	1
		(7.9-26.6, n=23)	(33-42, n=23)	(6-21.7, n=23)	(0-2, n=23)

Data are median with range and sample number in parenthesis;

P values derived from Bonferroni multiple comparison tests;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>12 week old animals;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>9 month old animals (see supplemental figure 2A);

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>P=0.032 vs. *Cfh*<sup>loxP/loxP</sup> and P<0.0001 vs. hepatocyte-*Cfh*<sup>-/-</sup> animals (see figure 1B);

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>P=0.0016 vs. hepatocyte-*Cfh*<sup>-/-</sup> animals (see figure 1B);

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>P<0.05 vs. *Cfh*<sup>loxP/loxP</sup> animals (see figure 2A);

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>P<0.001 vs. *Cfh*<sup>-/-</sup> and P<0.0001 vs. *Cfh*<sup>loxP/loxP</sup> animals (see figure 2A);

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>see figure 2C