Supplemental data:
Figure 7: The effect of POMS patients’ corpulence on contrast enhancement and number of T2 lesions on initial MRI, and on time interval to 2nd relapse.
A. Predicted probabilities (black lines with 95% CI) of having an initial MRI with a gadolinium enhancement (at least one contrast-enhancing lesion) as a function of rBMI. B. Effect of rBMI on probability to have more than seven T2 lesions on initial MRI; C. Time interval (years) between the first two relapses as a function of rBMI and IOTF categories.