Supplemental Digital Content 7. Accumulated local effect for predictors of explantation. ALE plots visualize the effect of the predictor variables on explantation. Higher values on the y-axis indicate a higher risk of explantation. Higher BMI, older age, subpectoral device placement, use of AlloDerm, preoperative chemotherapy, postoperative radiotherapy, axillary lymph node dissection, and simultaneous receipt of postoperative hormone therapy and chemotherapy led to a higher probability of predicting explantation. On the other hand, use of Dermacell, targeted postoperative chemotherapy, and prepectoral device placement decreased this probability. ALND, axillary lymph node dissection; SLB, sentinel lymph node biopsy.