

eTable 1. Characteristics of sub-cohort with amyloid PET. Continuous values are presented as the median with the interquartile range. The significance of differences by self-identified race were evaluated with Wilcoxon ranked sum tests for continuous variables and Chi-Square or Fisher exact tests for categorical variables. The covariate-adjusted significance of racial differences was evaluated using ANCOVA models with biomarker concentrations at the outcome measure, race as the predictor variable, and the covariates of age, sex, *APOE* ϵ 4 carrier status, and cognitive status. Plasma p-tau181 and NfL were transformed with the natural logarithm in covariate-adjusted models.

Characteristic	African American Participants n = 49	Non-Hispanic White Participants n = 54	<i>p</i> =	Adjusted <i>p</i> =
Demographics				
Age at CSF collection (years)	68.6 (64.1-73.1)	68.2 (63.5-72.4)	N.S.	
Sex (n, % Female)	30, 61%	28, 52%	N.S.	
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (n, % carrier)	17, 35%	24, 44%	N.S.	
CDR 0/0.5/1 (% >0)	48/1/0 (2%)	51/2/1 (6%)	N.S.	
Years of education	16 (12-18)	16 (14-18)	N.S.	
Hollingshead index	2.0 (2.0-3.0)	2.0 (1.0-3.0)	0.004	
Hypertension (yes/no/not reported, % yes of reported)	32/17/0 (65%)	18/34/2 (35%)	0.003	
Diabetes (yes/no/not reported, % yes of reported)	12/37/0 (24%)	2/50/2 (4%)	0.004	
CSF/plasma to LP interval (years)	0.11 (0.05-21)	0.08 (0.04-0.23)	N.S.	
CSF biomarker concentrations				
CSF A β 42 (pg/ml)	49 782 (617-1070)	54 682 (511-860)	0.03	0.04
CSF A β 40 (pg/ml)	49 9930 (7360-11600)	54 10260 (8990-12200)	N.S.	N.S.
CSF A β 42/A β 40	49 0.0879 (0.0819-0.0936)	54 0.0712 (0.0472-0.0865)	<0.0001	0.0001
CSF A β 42/A β 40 <0.0673 (n, %)	49 7, 14%	54 25, 46%	0.0005	0.002
CSF total tau (pg/ml)	49 207 (163-270)	54 296 (207-502)	0.0008	0.03
CSF p-tau181 (pg/ml)	49 30.3 (24.0-34.7)	54 38.4 (29.6-55.9)	0.003	0.01
CSF NfL (pg/mL)	46 644 (464-814)	54 728 (537-965)	0.08	N.S.
Plasma biomarker concentrations				
Plasma A β 42 (pg/ml)	49 43.8 (39.3-49.8)	54 40.2 (37.5-44.8)	0.01	0.007
Plasma A β 40 (pg/ml)	49 405 (379-469)	54 420 (386-466)	N.S.	N.S.
Plasma A β 42/A β 40	49 0.1058 (0.1005-0.1118)	54 0.0962 (0.0903-0.1018)	<0.0001	<0.0001
Plasma p-tau181 (pg/ml)	49 12.2 (10.2-15.1)	54 13.6 (10.0-17.9)	N.S.	N.S.
Plasma p-tau231 (pg/ml)	49 8.3 (4.6-10.6)	54 8.6 (5.6-12.7)	N.S.	N.S.
Plasma NfL (pg/ml)	49 10.5 (7.5-13.5)	54 10.7 (8.8-15.6)	N.S.	N.S.
Amyloid PET				
Centiloid	49 2.3 (-1.0-10.1)	54 10.1 (0.0-33.0)	0.01	0.02
Amyloid PET positive	49 5, 10%	54 21, 39%	0.0008	0.003

eTable 2. Correspondence of plasma biomarkers with CSF A β 42/A β 40 or amyloid PET centiloid. The correspondence of plasma biomarker levels with CSF A β 42/A β 40 or amyloid PET centiloid was evaluated by either Spearman correlations or partial Spearman correlations that were adjusted for age, sex, *APOE* ϵ 4 carrier status, self-identified race, and cognitive status. 95% confidence intervals are shown in parentheses.

Spearman correlation with CSF A β 42/A β 40

	Unadjusted Spearman ρ	<i>p</i> =	Adjusted Spearman ρ	<i>p</i> =
Plasma A β 42/A β 40	0.61 (0.50 to 0.70)	<0.0001	0.52 (0.39 to 0.63)	<0.0001
Plasma p-tau181 (pg/ml)	-0.35 (-0.49 to -0.21)	<0.0001	-0.22 (-0.06 to -0.37)	0.008
Plasma p-tau231 (pg/ml)	-0.29 (-0.43 to -0.14)	0.0003	-0.20 (-0.04 to -0.35)	0.01
Plasma NfL (pg/ml)	-0.22 (-0.37 to -0.07)	0.005	-0.04 (0.12 to -0.20)	N.S.

Spearman correlation with amyloid PET centiloid

	Unadjusted Spearman ρ	<i>p</i> =	Adjusted Spearman ρ	<i>p</i> =
Plasma A β 42/A β 40	-0.44 (-0.58 to -0.27)	<0.0001	-0.30 (-0.10 to -0.47)	0.003
Plasma p-tau181 (pg/ml)	0.32 (0.14 to 0.49)	0.0008	0.22 (0.02 to 0.40)	0.03
Plasma p-tau231 (pg/ml)	0.15 (-0.05 to 0.33)	N.S.	0.09 (-0.11 to 0.29)	N.S.
Plasma NfL (pg/ml)	0.18 (-0.01 to 0.36)	0.07	0.004 (-0.19 to 0.20)	N.S.

eTable 3. Relationship between plasma A β 42/A β 40 and CSF A β 42/A β 40 or amyloid PET status. Variables included in the model were CSF A β 42/A β 40 status (positive < 0.0673), age, self-identified race, sex, *APOE* ϵ 4 carrier status, and cognitive status.

Plasma Aβ42/Aβ40 as a function of CSF Aβ42/Aβ40 status			
Parameter	Estimate	S.E.	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	0.1052	0.0051	<0.0001
CSF A β 42/A β 40 status (positive)	-0.008	0.0013	<0.0001
Race (African American)	0.0060	0.0011	<0.0001
Sex (female)	0.0044	0.0011	<0.0001
Age (years)	-0.00010	0.00007	N.S.
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	-0.0009	0.0011	N.S.
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	-0.0010	0.0019	N.S.

Plasma Aβ42/Aβ40 as a function of amyloid PET status			
Parameter	Estimate	S.E.	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	0.0963	0.0069	<0.0001
Amyloid PET status (positive)	-0.0077	0.0018	<0.0001
Race (African American)	0.0068	0.0014	<0.0001
Sex (female)	0.0050	0.0014	0.0005
Age (years)	0.00002	0.0001	N.S.
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	-0.0011	0.0015	N.S.
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	-0.0010	0.0035	N.S.

eTable 4. Relationship between plasma p-tau181 levels and CSF A β 42/A β 40 or amyloid PET status. Plasma p-tau181 was transformed with the natural logarithm for analysis. Variables included in the model were CSF A β 42/A β 40 status (positive < 0.0673), age, self-identified race, sex, *APOE* ϵ 4 carrier status, and cognitive status.

Ln (plasma p-tau181) as a function of CSF Aβ42/Aβ40 status			
Parameter	Estimate	S.E.	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	1.267	0.311	<0.0001
CSF A β 42/A β 40 status (positive)	0.239	0.079	0.003
Race (African American)	-0.044	0.066	N.S.
Sex (female)	-0.164	0.065	0.01
Age (years)	0.020	0.004	<0.0001
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.017	0.068	N.S.
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	0.278	0.115	0.02

Ln (plasma p-tau181) as a function of amyloid PET status			
Parameter	Estimate	S.E.	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	1.277	0.401	0.002
Amyloid PET status (positive)	0.277	0.101	0.008
Race (African American)	-0.0005	0.083	N.S.
Sex (female)	-0.173	0.080	0.03
Age (years)	0.020	0.006	0.0005
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	-0.034	0.088	N.S.
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	0.071	0.205	N.S.

eTable 5. Relationship between plasma p-tau231 levels and CSF A β 42/A β 40 or amyloid PET status. Variables included in the model were CSF A β 42/A β 40 status (positive < 0.0673), age, self-identified race, sex, *APOE* ϵ 4 carrier status, and cognitive status.

Plasma p-tau231 as a function of CSF Aβ42/Aβ40 status			
Parameter	Estimate	S.E.	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-1.655	4.474	N.S.
CSF A β 42/A β 40 status (positive)	2.525	1.140	0.03
Race (African American)	-0.970	0.946	N.S.
Sex (female)	-0.985	0.940	N.S.
Age (years)	0.160	0.063	0.01
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	-0.190	0.985	N.S.
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	5.585	1.651	0.0009

Plasma p-tau231 as a function of amyloid PET status			
Parameter	Estimate	S.E.	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	2.074	5.300	N.S.
Amyloid PET status (positive)	3.623	1.340	0.008
Race (African American)	0.045	1.090	N.S.
Sex (female)	-1.110	1.061	N.S.
Age (years)	0.105	0.073	N.S.
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	-1.583	1.160	N.S.
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	2.625	2.708	N.S.

eTable 6. Relationship between plasma NfL levels and CSF A β 42/A β 40 or amyloid PET status. Plasma NfL was transformed with the natural logarithm for analysis. Variables included in the model were CSF A β 42/A β 40 status (positive < 0.0673), age, self-identified race, sex, *APOE* ϵ 4 carrier status, and cognitive status.

Ln (plasma NfL) as a function of CSF Aβ42/Aβ40 status			
Parameter	Estimate	S.E.	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-0.710	0.357	0.05
CSF A β 42/A β 40 status (positive)	-0.015	0.091	N.S.
Race (African American)	-0.091	0.075	N.S.
Sex (female)	-0.052	0.075	N.S.
Age (years)	0.046	0.005	<0.0001
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.092	0.079	N.S.
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	0.297	0.132	0.03
Ln (plasma NfL) as a function of amyloid PET status			
Parameter	Estimate	S.E.	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-1.050	0.432	0.02
Amyloid PET status (positive)	-0.124	0.109	N.S.
Race (African American)	-0.020	0.089	N.S.
Sex (female)	-0.049	0.087	N.S.
Age (years)	0.051	0.006	<0.0001
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.130	0.095	N.S.
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	0.209	0.221	N.S.

eTable 7. CSF A β 42/A β 40 status or amyloid PET status as predicted by plasma A β 42/A β 40 and covariates. Logistic regression models evaluated prediction of CSF A β 42/A β 40 (positive < 0.0673) or amyloid PET status by plasma A β 42/A β 40 and the covariates of self-identified race, sex, age, *APOE* ϵ 4 carrier status, and cognitive status. For each model, the Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under the Curve (ROC AUC) with 95% confidence intervals is shown.

CSF Aβ42/Aβ40 status, ROC AUC 0.86 (0.79-0.92)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	p =
Intercept	18.8	3.3	<0.0001
Plasma A β 42/A β 40 (pg/ml)	-197	34	<0.0001

CSF Aβ42/Aβ40 status, ROC AUC 0.90 (0.85-0.96)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	p =
Intercept	13.0	4.7	0.005
Plasma A β 42/A β 40 (pg/ml)	-220	46	<0.0001
Race (African American)	0.058	0.274	N.S.
Sex (female)	0.843	0.568	N.S.
Age (years)	0.109	0.04	0.007
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.865	0.269	0.001
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	1.11	0.41	0.007

Amyloid PET status, ROC AUC 0.86 (0.77-0.95)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	p =
Intercept	18.3	4.2	<0.0001
Plasma A β 42/A β 40 (pg/ml)	-198	44	<0.0001

Amyloid PET status, ROC AUC 0.89 (0.82-0.97)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	p =
Intercept	11.6	5.9	0.05
Plasma A β 42/A β 40 (pg/ml)	-223	62.5	0.0004
Race (African American)	-0.025	0.377	N.S.
Sex (female)	0.895	0.739	N.S.
Age (years)	0.123	0.057	0.03
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.936	0.378	0.01
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	0.844	0.617	N.S.

eTable 8. CSF A β 42/A β 40 status or amyloid PET status as predicted by the amyloid probability score (APS). Logistic regression models evaluated prediction of CSF A β 42/A β 40 (positive < 0.0673) or amyloid PET status by the amyloid probability score and the covariates of self-identified race, sex, age, *APOE* ϵ 4 carrier status, and cognitive status. The amyloid probability score is a proprietary modeled value that incorporates plasma A β 42/A β 40, age and apolipoprotein E proteotype. For each model, the Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under the Curve (ROC AUC) with 95% confidence intervals is shown.

CSF Aβ42/Aβ40 status, ROC AUC 0.89 (0.84-0.95)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-2.32	0.33	<0.0001
Amyloid probability score	0.072	0.012	<0.0001

CSF Aβ42/Aβ40 status, ROC AUC 0.91 (0.87-0.96)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-5.15	2.94	0.08
Amyloid probability score	0.075	0.017	<0.0001
Race (African American)	-0.059	0.266	N.S.
Sex (female)	0.74	0.57	N.S.
Age (years)	0.037	0.041	N.S.
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.24	0.28	N.S.
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	1.09	0.40	0.007

Amyloid PET status, ROC AUC 0.90 (0.82-0.97)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-2.59	0.42	<0.0001
Amyloid probability score	0.061	0.012	<0.0001

Amyloid PET status, ROC AUC 0.90 (0.84-0.96)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-5.54	3.66	N.S.
Amyloid probability score	0.055	0.016	0.0006
Race (African American)	-0.33	0.35	N.S.
Sex (female)	0.46	0.68	N.S.
Age (years)	0.044	0.051	N.S.
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.33	0.37	N.S.
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	0.73	0.65	N.S.

eTable 9. CSF A β 42/A β 40 status or amyloid PET status as predicted by plasma p-tau181 levels. Logistic regression models evaluated prediction of CSF A β 42/A β 40 (positive < 0.0673) or amyloid PET status by plasma p-tau181 and the covariates of self-identified race, sex, age, *APOE* ϵ 4 carrier status, and cognitive status. Plasma p-tau181 was transformed with the natural logarithm for analysis. For each model, the Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under the Curve (ROC AUC) with 95% confidence intervals is shown.

CSF Aβ42/Aβ40 status, ROC AUC 0.76 (0.68-0.84)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	6.47	1.32	<0.0001
Ln (plasma p-tau181)	-2.14	0.48	<0.0001

CSF Aβ42/Aβ40 status, ROC AUC 0.85 (0.79-0.92)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-8.69	2.71	0.001
Ln (plasma p-tau181)	1.53	0.57	0.007
Race (African American)	-0.59	0.22	0.007
Sex (female)	-0.21	0.44	N.S.
Age (years)	0.072	0.035	0.04
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.87	0.23	0.0002
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	1.02	0.39	0.009

Amyloid PET status, ROC AUC 0.74 (0.63-0.84)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-5.99	1.64	0.0003
Ln (plasma p-tau181)	1.84	0.60	0.002

Amyloid PET status, ROC AUC 0.84 (0.75-0.92)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-8.26	3.50	0.02
Ln (plasma p-tau181)	1.78	0.75	0.02
Race (African American)	-0.84	0.31	0.007
Sex (female)	-0.21	0.58	N.S.
Age (years)	0.046	0.044	N.S.
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.89	0.31	0.004
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	0.73	0.64	N.S.

eTable 10. CSF A β 42/A β 40 status or amyloid PET status as predicted by plasma p-tau231 levels. Logistic regression models evaluated prediction of CSF A β 42/A β 40 (positive < 0.0673) or amyloid PET status by plasma p-tau231 and the covariates of self-identified race, sex, age, *APOE* ϵ 4 carrier status, and cognitive status. For each model, the Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under the Curve (ROC AUC) with 95% confidence intervals is shown.

CSF Aβ42/Aβ40 status, ROC AUC 0.69 (0.60-0.78)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	1.92	0.38	<0.0001
Plasma p-tau231 (pg/ml)	-0.119	0.032	0.0002

CSF Aβ42/Aβ40 status, ROC AUC 0.85 (0.78-0.91)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-6.95	2.50	0.006
Plasma p-tau231 (pg/ml)	0.098	0.040	0.01
Race (African American)	-0.60	0.22	0.006
Sex (female)	-0.37	0.43	N.S.
Age (years)	0.096	0.034	0.004
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.94	0.23	<0.0001
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	1.07	0.38	0.006

Amyloid PET status, ROC AUC 0.69 (0.58-0.81)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-2.31	0.52	<0.0001
Plasma p-tau231 (pg/ml)	0.125	0.044	0.004

Amyloid PET status, ROC AUC 0.84 (0.75-0.92)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-6.40	3.26	0.05
Plasma p-tau231 (pg/ml)	0.140	0.055	0.01
Race (African American)	-0.88	0.31	0.005
Sex (female)	-0.39	0.56	N.S.
Age (years)	0.071	0.043	0.10
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	1.00	0.32	0.002
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	0.65	0.61	N.S.

eTable 11. CSF A β 42/A β 40 status or amyloid PET status as predicted by plasma NfL levels. Logistic regression models evaluated prediction of CSF A β 42/A β 40 (positive < 0.0673) or amyloid PET status by plasma NfL and the covariates of self-identified race, sex, age, *APOE* ϵ 4 carrier status, and cognitive status. Plasma NfL were transformed with the natural logarithm for analysis. For each model, the Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under the Curve (ROC AUC) with 95% confidence intervals is shown.

CSF Aβ42/Aβ40 status, ROC AUC 0.64 (0.55-0.73)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-2.84	0.83	0.0006
Ln (plasma NfL)	0.85	0.32	0.008

CSF Aβ42/Aβ40 status, ROC AUC 0.81 (0.74-0.89)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-6.20	2.41	0.01
Ln (plasma NfL)	-0.097	0.476	N.S.
Race (African American)	-0.65	0.22	0.003
Sex (female)	-0.50	0.42	N.S.
Age (years)	0.109	0.040	0.007
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.89	0.23	<0.0001
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	1.27	0.39	0.001

Amyloid PET status, ROC AUC 0.55 (0.43-0.67)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-1.57	1.02	N.S.
Ln (plasma NfL)	0.199	0.408	N.S.

Amyloid PET status, ROC AUC 0.82 (0.73-0.91)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-6.38	3.28	0.05
Ln (plasma NfL)	-0.87	0.71	N.S.
Race (African American)	-0.89	0.30	0.003
Sex (female)	-0.61	0.54	N.S.
Age (years)	0.131	0.058	0.02
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.95	0.31	0.003
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	0.94	0.67	N.S.

eTable 12. CSF A β 42/A β 40 status or amyloid PET status as predicted by covariates. Logistic regression models evaluated prediction of CSF A β 42/A β 40 (positive < 0.0673) or amyloid PET status by the covariates of self-identified race, sex, age, *APOE* ϵ 4 carrier status, and cognitive status. For each model, the Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under the Curve (ROC AUC) with 95% confidence intervals is shown.

CSF Aβ42/Aβ40 status, ROC AUC 0.82 (0.74-0.89)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-6.13	2.39	0.01
Race (African American)	-0.65	0.22	0.003
Sex (female)	-0.50	0.42	N.S.
Age (years)	0.104	0.033	0.001
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.88	0.22	<0.0001
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	1.26	0.38	0.0008

Amyloid PET status, ROC AUC 0.81 (0.72-0.90)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-5.40	3.07	0.08
Race (African American)	-0.86	0.30	0.004
Sex (female)	-0.60	0.53	N.S.
Age (years)	0.084	0.042	0.04
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.86	0.29	0.003
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	0.81	0.63	N.S.

eTable 13. CSF A β 42/A β 40 status as predicted by plasma biomarkers and covariates in only cognitively normal individuals. Logistic regression models evaluated prediction of CSF A β 42/A β 40 status (positive < 0.0673) by each plasma biomarker and the covariates of self-identified race, sex, age, and *APOE* ϵ 4 carrier status in only cognitively normal individuals. Plasma p-tau181 and NfL were transformed with the natural logarithm for analysis. For each model, the Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under the Curve (ROC AUC) with 95% confidence intervals is shown.

Plasma Aβ42/Aβ40, ROC AUC 0.89 (0.83-0.95)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	9.7	4.7	0.04
Plasma A β 42/A β 40 (pg/ml)	-205	46	<0.0001
Race (African American)	0.049	0.29	N.S.
Sex (female)	0.961	0.598	N.S.
Age (years)	0.118	0.041	0.004
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.92	0.28	0.001

Plasma p-tau181, ROC AUC 0.84 (0.77-0.92)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-10.34	2.86	0.0003
Ln (plasma p-tau181)	1.57	0.60	0.009
Race (African American)	-0.56	0.23	0.02
Sex (female)	-0.10	0.47	N.S.
Age (years)	0.077	0.036	0.03
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.93	0.24	0.0001

Plasma p-tau231, ROC AUC 0.84 (0.77-0.91)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-8.82	2.69	0.001
Plasma p-tau231 (pg/ml)	0.12	0.043	0.007
Race (African American)	-0.57	0.24	0.02
Sex (female)	-0.23	0.46	N.S.
Age (years)	0.10	0.03	0.003
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	1.00	0.25	<0.0001

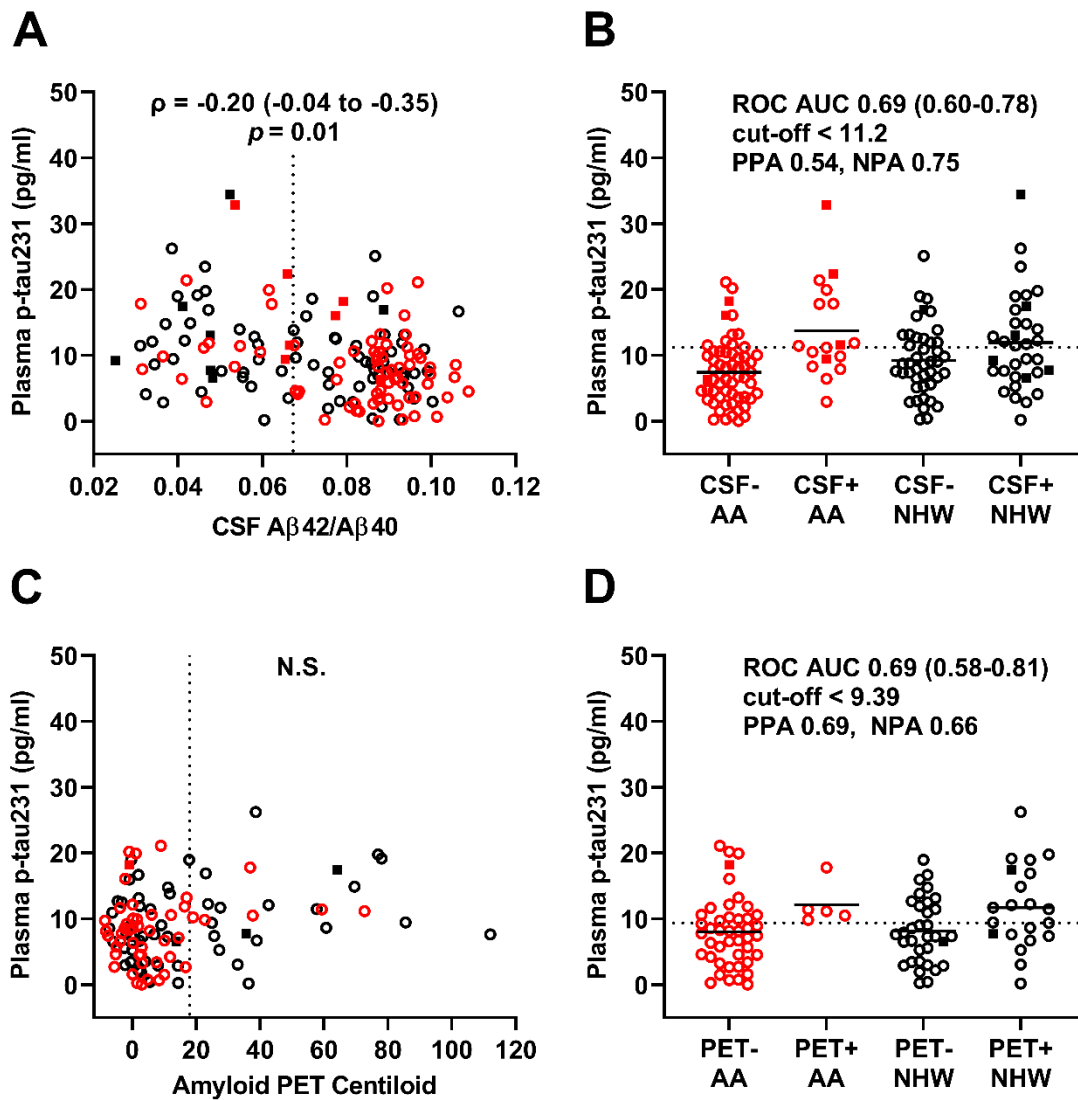
Plasma NfL, ROC AUC 0.80 (0.72-0.88)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	-8.00	2.61	0.002
Ln (plasma NfL)	-0.054	0.504	N.S.
Race (African American)	-0.63	0.23	0.006
Sex (female)	-0.39	0.44	N.S.
Age (years)	0.11	0.042	0.008
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.94	0.24	<0.0001

eTable 14. CSF A β 42/A β 40 status or amyloid PET status as predicted by plasma A β 42/A β 40, p-tau181, p-tau231 and NfL levels with covariates. Logistic regression models evaluated prediction of CSF A β 42/A β 40 (positive < 0.0673) or amyloid PET status by A β 42/A β 40, p-tau181, p-tau231 and NfL levels and the covariates of self-identified race, sex, age, *APOE* ϵ 4 carrier status and cognitive status. Plasma p-tau181 and plasma NfL were transformed with the natural logarithm for analysis. For each model, the Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under the Curve (ROC AUC) with 95% confidence intervals is shown.

CSF Aβ42/Aβ40 status, ROC AUC 0.92 (0.88-0.96)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	8.78	5.19	0.09
Plasma A β 42/A β 40 (pg/ml)	-204	45	<0.0001
Ln (plasma p-tau181)	1.03	1.12	N.S.
Plasma p-tau231 (pg/ml)	0.06	0.07	N.S.
Ln (plasma NfL)	-0.82	0.63	N.S.
Race (African American)	0.007	0.28	N.S.
Sex (female)	1.10	0.62	0.08
Age (years)	0.12	0.05	0.01
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	0.89	0.28	0.002
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	0.92	0.44	0.03

Amyloid PET status, ROC AUC 0.93 (0.89-0.98)			
Parameter	Estimate	SE	<i>p</i> =
Intercept	1.33	6.4	N.S.
Plasma A β 42/A β 40 (pg/ml)	-212	60	0.0004
Ln (plasma p-tau181)	2.51	1.56	N.S.
Plasma p-tau231 (pg/ml)	0.06	0.11	N.S.
Ln (plasma NfL)	-2.88	1.07	0.007
Race (African American)	-0.10	0.40	N.S.
Sex (female)	1.64	0.94	0.08
Age (years)	0.24	0.09	0.007
<i>APOE</i> ϵ 4 status (carrier)	1.25	0.46	0.006
Cognitive status (CDR>0)	0.99	0.70	N.S.

eFig. 1. Relationship of plasma p-tau231 with CSF A β 42/A β 40 and amyloid PET. Plasma p-tau231 was transformed with the natural logarithm for analysis. The relationship between plasma p-tau231 and CSF A β 42/A β 40 (A) or amyloid PET centiloid (C) was evaluated by partial Spearman correlation and was adjusted for age, sex, *APOE* ϵ 4 carrier status, self-identified race and cognitive status. Vertical dotted lines represent cut-off values for amyloid positivity. Plasma p-tau231 levels for AA and NHW groups were evaluated by CSF A β 42/A β 40 status (positive < 0.0673) (B) or amyloid PET status (D). Cut-off values for plasma p-tau231 with the highest combined sensitivity and specificity for distinguishing amyloid status were selected and are denoted by horizontal dashed lines. The Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under the Curve (ROC AUC), positive percent agreement (PPA) and negative percent agreement (NPA) are shown. Point types denote the following: 1) race: red, AA; black, NHW; 2) cognitive status: open circle, CDR 0; closed square, CDR > 0.



eFig. 2. Relationship of plasma NfL with CSF A β 42/A β 40 and amyloid PET.

Plasma NfL was transformed with the natural logarithm for analysis. The relationship between plasma NfL and CSF A β 42/A β 40 (A) or amyloid PET centiloid (C) was evaluated by partial Spearman correlation and was adjusted for age, sex, *APOE* ϵ 4 carrier status, self-identified race, and cognitive status. Vertical dotted lines represent cut-off values for amyloid positivity. Plasma NfL levels for AA and NHW groups were evaluated by CSF A β 42/A β 40 status (positive < 0.0673) (B) or amyloid PET status (D). Cut-off values for plasma NfL with the highest combined sensitivity and specificity for distinguishing amyloid status were selected and are denoted by horizontal dashed lines. The Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under the Curve (ROC AUC), positive percent agreement (PPA) and negative percent agreement (NPA) are shown. Point types denote the following: 1) race: red, AA; black, NHW; 2) cognitive status: open circle, CDR 0; closed square, CDR > 0.

